PATENT SPECIFICATION



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COMPLETE SPECIFICATION.

Improvements in or relating to Lens Combinations.

I, WILLY FRIEDRICH BIELICKE, a German Citizen, of 7, Ringbahnstrasse, Berlin-Halensee, Germany, do hereby declare the nature of this invention and in what manner the same is to be performed, to be particularly described and ascertained in and by the following statement:—

This invention relates to objective lens systems, such as are used for photographic, microscopic projection and similar purposes, the chief object of the invention being to provide a lens system corrected for spherical and chromatic aberration, astigmatism, distortion and coma and having a very large relative aperture.

An objective lens is known which is composed of three collective lenses enclosing a dispersive lens, one of the collective lenses being placed on that side of the dispersive lens which faces the incident light and the other two collective lenses being placed on the other side of the dispersive lens.

The object of the present invention is to increase the relative aperture of such a lens. This is obtained by splitting the front element of an objective lens composed of three collective lenses enclosing a dispersive lens into two lenses which together have the form of Gauss lens. The lens facing the incident light is a collective lens I, the other a dispersive miniscus lens II and III. The latter is composed of two lenses, a collective biconvex lens II and dispersive biconcave

The glass of the biconcave lens III
has a higher refractive index and a larger
colour dispersion than the biconvex lens
II. The two lenses are cemented together and form a dispersive lens surface
which is used to correct the residual
aberrations caused by the other lens elements of the objective. The equivalent
focal length of the combined lens II, III
is made numerically greater than the
equivalent focal length of the combined
objective and also of the single dispersive
lens IV. In the lens system shown on the
accompanying drawing the combined
focal length is +100 mm, that of the dispersive lens IV -66.7 mm, and that of
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the commined meniscus lens II and III-1196 mm. The long focal length of the combined meniscus lens does not materially effect the focal length of the combined objective, the cemented dispersive surface however is an excellent means for correcting the aberrations. After the light rays have passed the concave surface of the combined meniscus lens they are free from chromatic aberration, and the spherical aberration is overcorrected. The radii of curvature being longer they reduce the spherical aberrations of the zones so that the combined objective can be made with higher relative aperture.

The data for making an objective lens according to the invention are shown in the drawing. The equivalent focal length is 100 mm, the relative aperture f: 1.3.

 $r_1 + 116.5$ $d_1 9.3 n_{1D}1.6513 n_{1G}1 1.6732$. **75** $r_2 - 1200.0$ l. 0.4 $r_3 + 52.6$ d_2 20.9 n_{2D} 1.5891 n_{2G} 1 1.6010. $r_4 - 88.6$ 80 d_3 4.1 $n_{3D}1.6477$ $n_{3G}1$ 1.6725. $r_5 + 46.6$ $l_2 16.6$ $r_6 - 88.6$ d_4 3.1 $n_{4D}1.6166$ $n_{4G}1$ 1.6383. 85 $r_7 + 77.5$ 5.2 $r_8 + 160.2$ d_s 10.3 n_{sD} 1.6223 n_{sQ} 1 1.6367. $r_9 - 82.6$ $l_4 = 0.4$ $r_{10} + 136.2$ $d_{\rm e}$ 10.3 $n_{\rm eD}$ 1.6223 $n_{\rm eG}$ 1 1.6367. $r_{11} - 136.2$

The characters r_1 to r_{11} inclusive indicate the radii of curvature of the lenses from left to right respectively. The light is presumed to be incident from left to right and all curvatures that are convex toward the incident light are positive and those that are concave are negative.

The characters d with the subnumerals indicate the axial dimensions of the glass thicknesses and the characters l the air spaces.

The characters n_D and n_{G1} respectively denote the refractive indices for the D line and for the G^1 line of the spectrum of the glasses of which the lenses I to VI 5 are made.

Utilization of the principles of the present invention results in a lens system in which the spherical and chromatic aberrations astigmatism, distortion and to come are corrected and having a very

large relative aperture.

Having now particularly described and ascertained the nature of my said invention and in what manner the same is to be performed, I declare that what I claim is:—

1. In an objective lens for photographic, microscopic and similar pur-

poses, the combination of five lenses, three of which are collective and enclose a dispersive meniscus and a dispersive biconcave lens, the dispersive meniscus having a longer focal length than the biconcave lens and being composed of a collective lens and a dispersive lens, the latter having a higher refractive index and a larger dispersion than the collective lens.

2. The lens combination substantially as described.

Dated this 16th day of April, 1931. WILLY FRIEDRICH BIELICKE. per: Boult, Wade & Tennant, 111/112, Hatton Garden, London, E.C. 1, Chartered Patent Agents.

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